# Oligopoly



# **Oligopoly**

- A market structure in which a small number of firms compete with each other,
- The quantity that a firm sells depends on the firm's price and on the other firms' prices and quantities sold.
- Firms take into account the effects of their own actions on the behavior of other firms and the effects of the actions of other firms on their own profits.

### **Rules of the Game**

- Imagine you are an oligopolist.
- ❖Divide yourselves into six groups of six to seven.
- **\*Each group is a company.**

#### **Market Structure**

- \*All these companies produce identical commodity and sell their products in the same market.
- \*At this point of time, these six companies do almost 98% of the worldwide business.
- \*There are certainly others who are capable of entering the market.

# **Capital and Cost**

- **❖ Each firm initially has \$100.**
- Every firm has a constant marginal cost of \$8 per unit of output.
- Since there is no fixed cost, average total cost also equals \$8.

### **Market Demand**

#### \*You are all facing a market demand:

$$Q = 40 - (1)P$$

>If there are 5 units of this good supplied in the market, Q=5

>The whole market's profit:

revenue- minus cost

$$(\$35 \times 5) - (\$8 \times 5) = \$135$$

## **Prize**

- The goal of each company is to make as much profit as possible.
- There are prizes for all companies that earn more than \$100.
- There is an additional prize for the company that earns the most profit.

#### **Production Decision Card**

- Decide how many goods to produce, given the cost of production and the amount of money you have in hands.
- Write down your desired production amount on the Production Decision Card within 1 minute.
- \* Don't communicate with other firms.

向每一組分派一張「生產決議卡」。

## **After 1 minute**

- Please hand me your Production Decision Card.
- \* I will help you calculate the following:
  - > the total market output
  - > market price
  - > profit for each company



在表三記下每間公司的生產數量和計算出市場的總產量。

## **Balance Sheet**

- Calculate your own
  - **≻Cost**
  - **≻Revenue**
  - >Profit
  - >Balance.



\*Record these information on the balance sheet.

向每組分派第一回合的收支平衡表。

#### **Production Decision Card**

- \*With the money you currently have, each group will now decide on the number of output you want to produce and supply in a new round.
- \*Write down your decision on the production decision card.

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## Convention

Now, each company can have a representative to take part in a convention. You can discuss whatever related to your business in the convention for three minutes.

#### **Production Decision Card**

- No more communication between companies is allowed.
- \*Write down your production decision on production card for this round.

再次向每組派發一張「生產決議卡」。

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Which team made the most money?



- What was your strategy?
- \* Which team made the least?
- What was your strategy?
- ❖ Why did it fail?



\*How did you decide how much to produce?

**\*What did the factors affect your profit level?** 

- \*What did you talk about in the convention?
- Did you make some agreement?
- **❖ Did the agreement work?**
- If yes, what was the impact of it on your profit?

#### **Cartel**

- \*A group of firms in the same industry that agree to raise prices and restrict output is known as a cartel, and such behavior is known as collusion.
- If Cartel can enforce its agreement, each of its members can make higher profits than they otherwise would.
- \*However, there is always an incentive for each firm to cheat.

Looking at all rounds of the experiment, make a generalization about the relationship between price and level of production/supply.



# Relationship between price and supply

- **♦ the firm's price**
- \*the other firms' prices and quantities sold.
  - Firms take into account the effects of their own actions on the behavior of other firms and the effects of the actions of other firms on their own profits.

## **Case Studies**

- Use supermarkets and petrol stations in Hong Kong as example of oligopolists.
- Discuss the difference of price strategies these two industries use.





